



- 7) Greek Ambassador Diamecou was exited in _____ king royal court.
 A) Ajatshatru B) Selukas Niketar
 C) Pillips D) Bimbisar
- 8) _____ was the capital of Varanasi.
 A) Purushapur B) Kosambi C) Indraprastha D) Kashi
- 9) Satvahan king Hala wrote the _____ book.
 A) Nitisar B) Kamsutra
 C) Gathasapthashati D) Ramayan
- 10) Hu-Yan-Stang came in to India _____ king period.
 A) Mourya B) Satvahan
 C) Gupta D) Harshvardhan
- 11) _____ Kushan King known as first king.
 A) Khujul Kadpises B) Ajatshatru
 C) Hala D) Kanishka
- 12) Famous poet Kalidas existed in _____ period.
 A) Gupta B) Kushan C) Shunga D) Pala
- 13) _____ assumed by Gupta king Chandragupta Second.
 A) Vikaramaditya B) Viratraj
 C) Danshur D) Shamsundar
- 14) Third Buddhist council organised by king _____.
 A) Chandragupta Second B) Ashoka
 C) Kaniska D) None of these

2. Write a short note **(any four)** :

12

- 1) Inscription as archaeological source.
- 2) Bindusar.
- 3) Yajurveda.
- 4) Kanva dynasty.
- 5) Avanti Mahajanpad.



3. Write a short answer (**any four**) : **16**
- 1) Explain the importance of foreign travel record as historical source.
 - 2) Discuss the Mouryan civil administration.
 - 3) Explain the Social condition of Satvahan period.
 - 4) Explain the brief history of Shunga dynasty.
 - 5) Discuss the Chandragupat First political contribution.
4. Write long answers (**any two**) : **14**
- 1) Write a essay on Ancient Indian Archaeological Source.
 - 2) Make evaluation of Guptas Civil administration.
 - 3) Discuss the Satvahan King Pulumavi's contribution.
5. Make a critical analysis on Kanishkas period. **14**

OR

Explain the ancient Indian literary sources in detail.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
(New-CBCS)
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
Paper – II : Introduction to Archaeology**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 18-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Select the appropriate word : **14**

- 1) The Harappan site of Rakhigadi was excavated by _____
A) H. D. Sankalia B) V. S. Shinde
C) S. R. Rao D) R. S. Bisht
- 2) School of Archaeology is located at _____
A) Beijing B) Rome
C) New York D) London
- 3) Gordon Childe wrote the book _____
A) What happened in history ?
B) Approach to archaeology
C) Archaeology and society
D) Archaeology in the field
- 4) The discovery of submerged city in Arabian Sea was made by _____
A) Dr. S. R. Rao B) Dr. King
C) Dr. Mink D) Dr. Wings
- 5) Sir John Marshall was the Director General of Archaeology Survey of India during _____
A) 1920-1928 B) 1905-1930
C) 1921-1935 D) 1924-1944



- 6) The Harappan site of Kuntasi excavated by _____
A) S. B. Deo
B) D. D. Kosambi
C) M. K. Dhavalikar
D) H. D. Sankalia
- 7) _____ is the author of book entitled 'Prehistory and Protohistory of India and Pakistan'.
A) H. D. Sankalia
B) Mortimer Wheeler
C) John Marshall
D) K. N. Dixit
- 8) The submerged city 'Dwarka' was discovered by _____
A) H. D. Sankalia
B) Mortimer Wheeler
C) Dr. Wings
D) D. P. Sharma
- 9) _____ was the first Director General of the Archaeology Survey of India.
A) Mortimer Wheeler
B) Alexander Cunningham
C) John Marshall
D) K. N. Dixit
- 10) The book 'Origin of Species' was written by _____
A) Dr. Libbi
B) Charles Darwin
C) L. R. Binford
D) Pit Rivers
- 11) The author of 'New Archaeology and Aftermath : a view from outside the Anglo-American world.'
A) M. K. Dhavalikar
B) H. D. Sankalia
C) D. K. Chakraborty
D) K. Paddayya
- 12) First paleolith in India was reported by _____
A) D. K. Supate
B) Henry Bruce Foote
C) V. D. Krishnaswami
D) Robert Bruce Foote
- 13) The term Ethnoarchaeology was first coined by _____
A) L. R. Binford
B) J. W. Fewkes
C) Collin Renfrew
D) David Clarke
- 14) Who proposed the concept of Natural Selection ?
A) Russell Wallace
B) Charles Darwin
C) Richard Owen
D) Hugh Falconer



2. Write short notes on **any four** of the following : **12**
- 1) Meaning of Archaeology.
 - 2) Experimental Archaeology.
 - 3) Lord Curzon.
 - 4) Geography and Archaeology.
 - 5) Meadows Tailor.
3. Write short answers on **any four** of the following : **16**
- 1) Explain the nature of Archaeology in Ancient Period.
 - 2) State the Contribution of Lord Curzon.
 - 3) Discuss the importance of Zoology in Archaeology.
 - 4) Discuss the various definitions of Archaeology.
 - 5) Describe the contribution of Mortimer Wheeler.
4. Write long answers on **any two** of the following : **14**
- 1) Explain the relationship between Social Sciences and Archaeology.
 - 2) Discuss the contribution of Robert Brucefoote in Archaeology.
 - 3) Explain the information of Anthropology in Archaeological studies.
5. Explain the contribution of M. K. Dhavalikar to Indian Archaeology. **14**

OR

Discuss about different branches of Archaeology.



SLR-A – 3

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No.

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**M.A. I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
(New CBCS)
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
Ancient Indian Iconography (Paper – III)**

Day and Date : Friday, 20-11-2015

Max.Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Select appropriate word :

14

- 1) Ajitnath is _____ the Tirthankar of Jain religion.
 - a) 1st
 - b) 2nd
 - c) 22nd
 - d) 24th
- 2) Saraswati icons having _____ on the head.
 - a) Karamdmukuta
 - b) Kiritamukuta
 - c) Jatamukuta
 - d) None of these
- 3) 10th incarnation of Vishnu is
 - a) Mastya
 - b) Kurma
 - c) Kalki
 - d) Varaha
- 4) Saptamatrika-patta is the speciality of the temples built by _____ dynasty.
 - a) Yadava
 - b) Rashtrakuta
 - c) Satvahana
 - d) Later-Chalukya
- 5) The temples of Mastya and Kurma are at
 - a) Shrikakulam
 - b) Kanyakumari
 - c) Shrirangpattanam
 - d) Madurai
- 6) Ashttotara shivalinga has _____ small lings on it.
 - a) 101
 - b) 08
 - c) 158
 - d) 108

P.T.O.



- 7) People from _____ brought Sun (surya) Icons in India.
 a) Iran
 b) Egypt
 c) Mesopotamia
 d) England
- 8) Most important thing in Kubera's hand is
 a) Nidhi
 b) Lotus (padma)
 c) Disc (chakra)
 d) Mase (gada)
- 9) Creepers are seen prominently on the body of icon
 a) Mahaveer
 b) Neminath
 c) Aadinath
 d) Bahubali
- 10) Kartikeya has _____ faces.
 a) 1
 b) 3
 c) 4
 d) 6
- 11) _____ is the Buddhist God of wealth.
 a) Padmapani
 b) Vajrapani
 c) Jambhala
 d) Janguli
- 12) _____ is the main duty of Yaksha.
 a) To raise weight
 b) To hold flowers
 c) To hold attributes
 d) None of these
- 13) _____ is the sign which is on the chest of Vishnu.
 a) Kaustubha
 b) Shrivasta
 c) Urna
 d) Surdaeshna
- 14) Mahamayuri is affiliated to the Dhyani Buddha
 a) Amoghsiddhi
 b) Vairochan
 c) Amitabh
 d) Ratnasambhav

2. Write short notes of the following (**any four** out of five) :

12

- 1) Kinnara
- 2) Icons of Rama
- 3) Gandharva
- 4) Tara
- 5) Gajalakshmi



3. Write short answers of the following (**any four** out of five) : **16**
- 1) What is Sursundari ? Give two examples.
 - 2) Describe Agni as a Ashtadikpal.
 - 3) Write note on icons of Bhairava.
 - 4) Write characteristic features of 'Nataraj Shiva'.
 - 5) What is Vyala ? Discuss its different types.
4. Answer **any two** of the following : **14**
- 1) Write about the origin and development of mother goddess icons.
 - 2) Describe different types of Avalokiteshwar icons.
 - 3) Describe icons of Varaha.
5. Give broad outline about iconography of Shiva as a Soumyarupa with suitable examples. **14**

OR

Illustrate the development of Buddha icons in India.



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M.A.-I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
(New – CBCS)
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
Pre and Protohistory of South Asia (Paper – IV)

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

N.B. : 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Select appropriate word :

14

- 1) _____ archaeological site gives the earliest evidence, about use of the Betel nut (Areca Catechu) in India.
a) Budihal b) Watgal c) Pattconda d) Hallur
- 2) The transition from a hunting-gathering stage to settled agriculture can be traced at
a) Loteshwar b) Adamgarh c) Chopani-Mando d) Sarai Nahar Rai
- 3) A hoard of jewellery made of gold, silver and semiprecious stones are found at
a) Dholavira b) Allahdino c) Harappa d) Rakhigarhi
- 4) Seals made of copper and soapstone are known from
a) Harappa b) Lothal c) Banawali d) Kalibangan
- 5) Homonid remains are known from
a) Hathnora in Narmada valley b) Paisara in Bihar
c) Bhimbetka in Madhya Pradesh d) Sangankallu in Karnataka
- 6) Terracotta masks have been found at
a) Mohenjodaro and Harappa b) Lothal
c) Chahundaro d) Rangpur

P.T.O.



- 7) The typical Vidharbha megalithic pottery is
a) Black and Red Ware b) Micacious Red Ware
c) Rouletted Ware d) Red Ware
- 8) The presence of an inscription of nine letters was found from _____ Harappan site.
a) Kalibangan b) Daimabad c) Dholavira d) Rangpur
- 9) Ancient Saraswati River is identified with present
a) Sutlej river b) Vyas river
c) Soan river d) Ghaggar-Hakra river
- 10) _____ is the first pet animal of human beings.
a) Cow b) Goat c) Dog d) Cat
- 11) _____ pottery has orange or dark red slip.
a) O.C.P. b) P.G.W. c) N.B.P.W. d) Black and Red
- 12) _____ found first hand axe in India.
a) Robert Bruce Foote b) Sir Mortimer Wheeler
c) John Marshall d) Devdatta Bhandarkar
- 13) _____ site in Maharashtra is famous for Four Bronze Sculptures.
a) Savalda b) Daimabad c) Jorwe d) Prakash
- 14) The Bagore site was excavated by
a) H.D. Sankalia b) K.N. Dixit c) V.N. Mishra d) S.B. Ota

2. Write short notes of the following (**any four** out of five) :

12

- 1) Homo Habilis
- 2) Tools from Lower palaeolithic age
- 3) Hunsgi site
- 4) Nevasa
- 5) Java man



3. Write short answers of the following (**any four** out of five) : **16**
- 1) Write salient features of Ahar culture.
 - 2) Write a critical note Jorwe pottery.
 - 3) Write a critical note on atmospheric changes in stone age.
 - 4) What is the difference between Black on red pottery and Black and red pottery ?
 - 5) Explain the characteristic of P.G.W. Culture.
4. Answer **any two** of the following : **14**
- 1) Write in detail about N.B.P.W. Culture.
 - 2) Explain the salient features of Bhimbetka paintings.
 - 3) Write a brief essay on O.C.P and Copper hoard culture.
5. Write in detail about difference between Vidharbha Megalithic and South Indian Megalithic culture. **14**

OR

Examine the causes of emergence of Mesolithic culture in India. Describe some of the most important discoveries of this cultural phase.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. (A. I. H. C. and A) (Semester – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2015
Paper – V : WRITING AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS AND CURRENT
AFFAIRS (New)**

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015

Total Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Choose correct alternatives :

14

योग्य पर्यायाची निवड करा.

i) _____ has become the “youngest” nobel peace prize winner.

नोबेल शांती पुरस्काराची सर्वात तरुण मानकरी _____ ठरली आहे.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| a) Malala Yusufzai | मलाला युसुफझाई |
| b) Aniya Shaikh | आनीया शेख |
| c) Hina Rabbani | हीना रब्बानी |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

ii) World Post Day is observed on _____

जागतिक टपाल दिवस _____ ला असतो.

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| a) 9 October | ९ ऑक्टोबर |
| b) 10 October | १० ऑक्टोबर |
| c) 10 November | १० नोव्हेंबर |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |



iii) _____ American newspaper has issued apology for racist cartoon on Mars Mission.

मंगळ मोहिमेवरती वर्णद्वेषावर आधारित व्यंगचित्राबद्दल अमेरिकेतील _____ वर्तमानपत्राने माफी छापली.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a) New York Times | न्यू यॉर्क टाइम्स |
| b) The Sun | द सन |
| c) Sunday Times | सनडे टाइम्स |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

iv) India defeated _____ team in Asian Games 2014 Hockey final and won Gold Medal.

भारताने _____ या संघाला एशियन गेम्स २०१४ हॉकीच्या अंतिम सामन्यात हरवून सुवर्ण पदक पटकावले.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) China | चीन |
| b) Pakistan | पाकिस्तान |
| c) Japan | जपान |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

v) _____ social networking site has been closed permanently.

_____ सोशल नेटवर्किंग साईट कायमची बंद झाली.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) Google plus | गुगल प्लस |
| b) Facebook | फेसबुक |
| c) Orkut | ऑर्कुट |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |



vi) Global Infrastructure facility has been launched by _____

जागतिक पायाभूत सोई-सुविधा _____ ने उपलब्ध केल्या आहेत.

- a) UNDP यु. एन. डी. पी.
- b) World Bank जागतिक बँक
- c) UNO यु. एन. ओ.
- d) None of these यापैकी नाही

vii) _____ team has won Champion League T-20, 2014.

चैम्पीअन लीग टी -२०, २०१४ _____ संघाने जिंकली.

- a) Delhi Dare Devils डेल्ही डेयर डेव्हिल्स
- b) Kolkata Night Riders कलकत्ता नाइट रायडर्स
- c) Chennai Super Kings चन्नई सुपर किंग्स
- d) None of these यापैकी नाही

viii) Which Movie has been chosen from India for OSCARS Awards 2014 ?

ऑस्कर पुरस्कार २०१४ साठी _____ या चित्रपटाची भारतातून निवड झाली.

- a) Highway हायवे
- b) Long Road लाँग रोड
- c) Queen क्वीन
- d) None of these यापैकी नाही

ix) Taslima Nasreen is _____

तसलीमा नसरीन या _____ आहेत.

- a) Writer लेखिका
- b) Actress नायिका
- c) Poet कवयित्री
- d) None of these यापैकी नाही



x) _____ is the new Chairman of UPSC.

_____ हे यु. पी. एस. सी. चे नवीन अध्यक्ष आहेत.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) Rajni Razdan | रजनी राजदान |
| b) Vinay Mittal | विनय मित्तल |
| c) Alka Sirohi | अलका सिरोही |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

xi) _____ disease has been declared as Global Health Emergency by WHO.

डब्लू. एच. ओ. ने _____ या रोगाला जागतिक आरोग्य आणीबाणी जाहीर केले आहे.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) AIDS | एड्स |
| b) Ebola | इबोला |
| c) Tuberculosis | क्षयरोग |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

xii) _____ has been appointed as UNICEF Goodwill Ambassador for South Asia.

दक्षिण आशियाचा सदभावना दूत म्हणून युनिसेफने _____ ची नियुक्ती केली आहे.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| a) Amitabh Bachhan | अमिताभ बच्चन |
| b) Amir Khan | अमीर खान |
| c) Salman Khan | सलमान खान |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |



xiii) Mark Zukerberg is the founder of _____ company.

मार्क झुकेरबर्ग हा _____ या कंपनीचे संस्थापक आहेत.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| a) Tweeter | ट्विटर |
| b) Google | गुगल |
| c) Facebook | फेसबुक |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

xiv) Creator of Chacha Chowdhary cartoon corrector is _____

चाचा चौधरी या कार्टून पात्राचे _____ हे निर्माते आहेत.

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| a) Pankaj Singh | पंकज सिंघ |
| b) Ganesh Mali | गणेश माळी |
| c) Pran Kumar Sharma | प्राण कुमार शर्मा |
| d) None of these | यापैकी नाही |

2. Write short notes (**any four**) :

12

संक्षिप्त टीपा लिहा (कोणत्याही चार) :

a) Fluency

अस्खलीतपणा

b) Positive Thinking

सकारात्मक विचार

c) World Bank

जागतिक बँक



d) Time Management

वेळेचे व्यवस्थापन

e) UNO

यु. एन. ओ.

3. Write the answers in **150 words. (any four) :**

16

दीडशे शब्दात उत्तरे लिहा : (कोणतेही चार) :

a) Write note on topic 'References'.

संदर्भ या विषयावरती टीप लिहा.

b) Describe the process of communication.

संवादाची प्रक्रिया विशद करा.

c) State the importance of Panchayat Raj

पंचायतराजचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा.

d) What is UNI ?

यु. एन. आय. म्हणजे काय ?

e) Write about Press release.

प्रसिद्धी पत्रकाविषयी लिहा.

4. Write answer in **250 words (any two) :**

14

अडीचशे शब्दात उत्तरे लिहा (कोणतेही दोन) :

a) Write about stress management.

ताण तणाव व्यवस्थापनाविषयी लिहा.



b) Discuss the basic principles of translation.

भाषांतराच्या मूलतत्त्वांवरती चर्चा करा.

c) Explain the importance of communication skills.

संवाद कौशल्यांचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा.

5. Write answer in **500 words (any one)** :

14

पाचशे शब्दात उत्तरे लिहा (कोणतेही एक) :

a) Define communication and discuss the types of communication.

संवादाची व्याख्या करा आणि संवादाच्या प्रकारांची चर्चा करा.

b) Write an essay on 'Newspaper Writing'.

'वृत्तपत्रांसाठी लेखन' या विषयावरती निबंध लिहा.



Seat No.	
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M.A. (Part – I) (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
(Paper – I) (Old – CGPA)
History of Ancient India upto 650 A.D.

Day and Date : Monday, 16-11-2015

Total Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.

2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

1. Choose the appropriate word :

14

1) _____ capital of Magad Mahajanpada in Ancient India.

- A) Kashi B) Maheshwar
C) Pataliputra D) Kosambi

2) Gandhar Mahajanpada was excited in present _____ country.

- A) Afaganistan B) Pakistan C) Iran D) India

3) _____ Mahajanpada situated in present Maharashtra State.

- A) Ashmak B) Kashi C) Gandhar D) Virjji

4) The author of Rajtarangini _____

- A) Kalidas B) Kautilya C) Kalhan D) Dandi

5) In Purushsukata exited in _____ veda.

- A) Rugved B) Samved C) Yajurved D) Atharved

6) _____ was the founder of Satvahana dynasty.

- A) Ashoka B) Kanishka
C) Chandragupta D) Simuk



- 7) Greek Ambassador Diamecous was exited in _____ king royal court.
A) Ajatshatru B) Selukas Niketar
C) Pillips D) Bimbisar
- 8) _____ was the capital of Varanasi.
A) Purushapur B) Kosambi C) Indraprastha D) Kashi
- 9) Satvahan king Hala wrote the _____ book.
A) Nitisar B) Kamsutra
C) Gathasapthashati D) Ramayan
- 10) Hu-Yan-Stang came in to India _____ king period.
A) Mourya B) Satvahan
C) Gupta D) Harshvardhan
- 11) _____ Kushan King known as first king.
A) Khujul Kadpises B) Ajatshatru
C) Hala D) Kanishka
- 12) Famous poet Kalidas existed in _____ period.
A) Gupta B) Kushan C) Shunga D) Pala
- 13) _____ assumed by Gupta king Chandragupta Second.
A) Vikaramaditya B) Viratraj
C) Danshur D) Shamsundar
- 14) Third Buddhist council organised by king _____.
A) Chandragupta Second B) Ashoka
C) Kaniska D) None of these

2. Write a short note **(any four)** :

- 1) Inscription as archaeological source.
- 2) Bindusar.
- 3) Yajurveda.
- 4) Kanva dynasty.
- 5) Avanti Mahajanpad.



3. Write a short answer (**any four**) : **16**
- 1) Explain the importance of foreign travel record as historical source.
 - 2) Discuss the Mouryan civil administration.
 - 3) Explain the Social condition of Satvahan period.
 - 4) Explain the brief history of Shunga dynasty.
 - 5) Discuss the Chandragupat First political contribution.
4. Write long answers (**any two**) : **14**
- 1) Write a essay on Ancient Indian Archaeological Source.
 - 2) Make evaluation of Guptas Civil administration.
 - 3) Discuss the Satvahan King Pulumavi's contribution.
5. Make a critical analysis on Kanishkas period. **14**

OR

Explain the ancient Indian literary sources in detail.



Seat No.	
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M.A. (Part – I) (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY (Paper – I)
History of Ancient India (650-1200 A.D.) (CGPA)

Day and Date : Tuesday, 17-11-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Note : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Right side digit indicate full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternative :

14

- 1) _____ was third President of Sangam.
A) Nakkiran B) Agasti C) Kovlan D) Tolkapiyam
- 2) Udaypur Prashsti was related to the _____ dynasty.
A) Parmar B) Pal C) Shung D) Pallav
- 3) Vatapi was the capital place of _____ dynasty.
A) Pallavas B) Chol C) Chalukya D) Ganga
- 4) _____ was the founder of Pal dynasty.
A) Bhopal B) Bhillam C) Gopal D) None of these
- 5) _____ system was emerged from to the land grant.
A) Varna B) Feudalism C) Guild D) Varnasankar
- 6) _____ language used into Sangam literature.
A) Kannada B) Pali C) Tamil D) Telugu
- 7) Manimekhlya composition was related with _____
A) Sangam B) Art C) War D) Economy
- 8) Samarangan Sutradhara book had written by _____ Parmar King.
A) King Bhoja B) Tailap C) Dharuv D) Ramgupta
- 9) _____ had donate village grant to Nalanda University.
A) Nakkiran B) Amoghavarsha
C) Prangupta D) Dharmpal
- 10) Chalukya King was the follower of the _____ cult.
A) Mahayan B) Hinayan C) Shaivism D) None of these



- 11) In 6th to 8th century A.D. 'Shreshti' term was related to _____ concept.
 - A) Regional power
 - B) Goldsmith community
 - C) Administration
 - D) Guild trading
- 12) _____ was the First President of the Sangam ?
 - A) Gongofarnis
 - B) Milind
 - C) Agasthya
 - D) Tolakappiyam
- 13) Yadav dynasty also known as the _____
 - A) Vardhan
 - B) Marahatta
 - C) Seuan
 - D) Yavan Hari
- 14) _____ king was the last king of Yadav dynasty ?
 - A) Harpaldev
 - B) Shrivaraman
 - C) Bhillam
 - D) Mahadev

2. Write a short note (**any four**) :

12

- 1) Cultural importance of Sangam literature
- 2) Alavar sect
- 3) Ancient Indian agriculture system
- 4) King Bhoja Parmar
- 5) Chalukya King Pulkeshi II.

3. Write a short answer (**any four**) :

16

- 1) Write a importance of inscription in South India history.
- 2) Explain the Maritime (Sea) trading system in Ancient India.
- 3) Describe the ancient Indian trading routes.
- 4) Explain the Yadav dynasty cultural contribution.
- 5) Discuss the political contribution of Raja Raja.

4. Write a answer in detail (**any two**) :

14

- 1) Write the political and cultural contribution of Pal dynasty.
- 2) Explain the trading guild system in Ancient India.
- 3) Write the Pal, Pratihara and Rashtrakutas conflict and its impact on Ancient Indian political condition.

5. 1) Write a essay on 6th to 10th century A.D. social and religious condition.

14

OR

- 2) Write the critical note on land grant and its impact on Ancient Indian Polity and Society.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. I (Semester – II) (CGPA) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
Methods in Archaeology (Paper – II)**

Day and Date : Thursday, 19-11-2015

Max.Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

N.B. : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Select appropriate word :

14

- 1) The first archaeological exploration of Sarayupar plain (Uttar Pradesh) was initiated by
 - a) Christian Thomson
 - b) A.C.L. Carlyle
 - c) K.A.N. Shastri
 - d) H.D. Sankaliya
- 2) A wall made of burnt bricks resting on a foundation of stone rubber has been found at
 - a) Ahar
 - b) Malwa
 - c) Chirand
 - d) Gilund
- 3) Vertical recording of an excavated trench is known as
 - a) Section Dawing
 - b) Drawing of plan
 - c) Contextual recording of artefacts on plan
 - d) Mapping geomorphologic features
- 4) The archaeologist associated with the excavations of Harappa is
 - a) Dayaram Sahani
 - b) Madhav Swarup Vats
 - c) Alexander Cunningham
 - d) John Marshall
- 5) _____ allowed for the first time Indian universities to take up archaeological excavation.
 - a) A. Cunningham
 - b) R.E.M. Wheeler
 - c) A. Ghosh
 - d) M.S. Vats



2. Write short notes of the following (**any four** out of five) : **12**
- 1) Layout of horizontal excavation.
 - 2) Robbers trench.
 - 3) Patination Dating.
 - 4) Use of toposheet in exploration.
 - 5) Pollen analysis.
3. Write short answer of the following (**any four** out of five) : **16**
- 1) Explain the importance of photographic documentation in archaeological excavation.
 - 2) How maps and satellite imagery are useful in exploration ? Explain in brief.
 - 3) Write about three dimensional measurements and its significance.
 - 4) Describe the symbols for sections with suitable examples.
 - 5) Write a note on excavation tools and equipments.
4. Answer **any two** of the following : **14**
- 1) Discuss the relevance of underwater archaeological excavations.
 - 2) Describe the method to be followed while excavating a megalithic burial and explain how it is different from that of a settlement site.
 - 3) Illustrate with examples the application of stratigraphy in archaeology.
5. What do you understand by horizontal excavation and what are the benefits of it ? **14**

OR

Describe the various methods of explorations.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
(CGPA)
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
Paper – I : Art and Architecture in Ancient India**

Day and Date : Monday, 16-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

***N. B. : 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.***

1. Select appropriate word :

14

- 1) In India first prehistoric rock art paintings are discovered by _____
 - a) Dr. Sankaliya
 - b) Mortimer Wheeler
 - c) Dr. V. S. Vakankar
 - d) C. L. Carlayal
- 2) Sculpture of King/Priest from Harappan culture is made of _____ stone.
 - a) Quartzite
 - b) Chert
 - c) Chalcedony
 - d) Steatite
- 3) Caves of Bagh is located in the State _____
 - a) Maharashtra
 - b) Chattisgarh
 - c) Madhya Pradesh
 - d) Gujarat
- 4) The life of Gautam Buddha was depicted according to _____ in Ajanta Paintings.
 - a) Tripitaka
 - b) Jataka tales
 - c) Mahavagga
 - d) Vinay Pitak
- 5) Asoka built _____ stupa.
 - a) Amravati
 - b) Nagpur
 - c) Sanchi
 - d) Bharhut
- 6) The sculptures of Mathura were made of _____ stone.
 - a) Basalt
 - b) Quartzite
 - c) Flint
 - d) Sikta



- 7) Ringstones are found from _____ period.
- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| a) Maurya | b) Rashtrakuta |
| c) Vakataka | d) Yadava |
- 8) First capital of Magadha was _____
- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| a) Patliputra | b) Girivraja |
| c) Indraprastha | d) Koushambi |
- 9) Capital of Rampurva Pillar has _____
- | | |
|-------------|---------|
| a) Elephant | b) Bull |
| c) Tiger | d) Lion |
- 10) The painting of “The procession of horse riders” is at _____
- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| a) Ajanta | b) Ellora |
| c) Bhimbetka | d) Bagh |
- 11) Mural paintings of Ajanta are of _____ types.
- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| a) Tempera | b) Fresco |
| c) Oil paint | d) Sacco |
- 12) The Prehistoric Bhimbetka caves are discovered by _____
- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| a) Dr. Sankaliya | b) Mortimer Wheeler |
| c) Dr. V. S. Vakankar | d) None of these |
- 13) Sarnath is famous for _____
- | |
|----------------------------|
| a) Commercial centre |
| b) Communal harmony |
| c) Dhamek stupa and Sermon |
| d) Centre of education |
- 14) Paintings in cave no 9 and 10 at Ajanta belongs to the period of _____
- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| a) Kalchuri | b) Satvahana |
| c) Chalukya | d) Vakataka |



2. Write short notes of the following (**any four** out of five) : **12**
- 1) Yaksha from Parkham
 - 2) Amaravati stupa
 - 3) Medallion
 - 4) Dock-yard Lothal
 - 5) Didargang Yakshi.
3. Write short answers of the following (**any four** out of five) : **16**
- 1) Write a note on Painting of Boshisattva Padmapani, of Ajanta.
 - 2) Describe terracotta figures found at Harappan culture.
 - 3) Explain two and three dimension methods of carving.
 - 4) Discuss about King/Priest found at Mohenjodaro.
 - 5) Write a note on paintings of Sittanvasal.
4. Answer **any two** of the following : **14**
- 1) Explain the prehistoric rock shelter paintings.
 - 2) What is Art ? Explain its different forms.
 - 3) Describe Proto-historic metal sculptures in detail.
5. Discuss the salient features of Buddhist stupa architecture at Sanchi. **14**

OR

Write an essay on comparative analysis of Ajanta and Bagh paintings.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. (Part – II) (Semester – III) (CGPA) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
(Paper – II)**

Introduction to Ancient Indian Paleography and Epigraphy

Day and Date : Wednesday, 18-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Select the appropriate word : 14
- 1) _____ has mentioned that ancient Indians are using Bhurjapatra for writing.
a) Cartius
b) Nearcus
c) Megasthenese
d) Itsing
 - 2) Name the author of entitled, Indian Palaeography
a) A.H. Dani
b) James Burgess
c) D.C. Sircar
d) G.H. Ojha
 - 3) _____ is the oldest script in India.
a) Brahmi
b) Kharoshti
c) Tamil
d) Indus vellys Pictografical script
 - 4) Sanskrit word Massi is used for
a) Ink
b) Inkpot
c) Pen
d) Paper
 - 5) North Sematic is a
a) Script
b) Language
c) Country
d) People
 - 6) The author of the book entitled 'Purabhilekha Vidhya' is
a) A.H. Dani
b) Shivaram Murthi
c) D.C. Sircar
d) Shobhana Gokhale
 - 7) Who is the author of the book, Indian Numarals ?
a) A.H. Dani
b) Shivaram Murthi
c) D.C. Sircar
d) None of above



- 8) In which Buddhist text writing evidences are found
a) Vinaypitak b) Buddhacaritra c) Dipvasa d) None of above
- 9) Who has read first time the Brahmi Script ?
a) John Marchal b) Princheb
c) W. P. Goodman d) B.D. Lad
- 10) Who explained the Brahmi script originated from the Indus valley Pictographically script ?
a) Canigham b) Vebar c) R.S. Sharma d) Nebu
- 11) Who has been started Asiatic Researches Journal ?
a) W.P. Goodman b) B.D. Lad c) Canigham d) None of above
- 12) The book 'Lalitvistar' is belongs to which religion ?
a) Buddhism b) Jainism c) Hinduism d) Judaism
- 13) Satistone known as _____ in Karnataka.
a) Paliya b) Mastikallu c) Virgal d) Chayastambha
- 14) Buddhist _____ sutra written on bricks.
a) Dharana b) Kalpsutra c) Dharmasutra d) Vira

2. Write short notes on **any four** of the following :

14

- 1) Importance of inscription for religious history.
- 2) Explain use of Copper Metal as a writing material.
- 3) What is Brujapatra ?
- 4) Explain the Vedic literature writing evidence.
- 5) Describe Kalchuri Era.

3. Write short answers on **any four** of the following :

14

- 1) Describe the importance of inscription for reconstruction of political and social history.
- 2) Explain the use of stone as writing material in Ancient India.
- 3) Define the origin of Brahmi Scripts.
- 4) Explain the Vikaram Savastar.
- 5) Define the cotton and paper as a writing report.



4. Write a long answer (**any two**) : 14
- 1) Write a ancient Indian writing tradition.
 - 2) Explain the culturel contribution of inscription.
 - 3) Write note on the Stricture of Inscription.
5. State the different theories of origin Brahmi script. 14

OR

Rewrite the following paragraph in Brahmi script.

बौद्ध धम्मामध्ये गौतमबुद्ध त्यांनी प्रतिवादीत केलेला धम्म आणि धम्माचा प्रसार करण्याकरिता निर्माण धम्मसंघ यास अत्यंत महत्वपूर्ण असे स्थान आहे. सिद्धार्थ गौतमाने आपल्या कठोर साधनेतून व चिंतनाद्वारे मानवी जिवनाचा दुःखाचा करण्याचा शोध लावला. मानवी जिवनातील दुःखाचे कारण शोधुन गौतम बुद्ध थांबले नाही, तर त्या दुःखाचे परिमार्जन कशारितीने करता येईल याचा उपाय देखील सांगितला, म्हणजे केवळ समस्या विषयी चर्चा न करता बुद्धांनी समस्येवर, म्हणजे उपाय सुचविले. गौतमांनी सांगितलेल्या चार आर्यसत्य व अष्टांगमार्ग हे उपाय हे कोणत्याही सामान्य उपासणास समजण्यास सहज साध्य होते. बुद्धांनी सांगितलेल्या या उपायामध्ये तात्विक जंजाळ, अनाकलनियता यास स्थान नव्हते, तर ते सर्व अनुभवाधारित व तर्कशुद्ध अशा स्वरूपाचे ज्ञान असल्याने सामान्य जनास देखील हे ज्ञानगृहन करता येवू लागले. दैनंदिन जिवनातील आचारपद्धतीस व नैतिकतेस स्थान यात दिलेले होते. त्यामूळे हा मध्यप्रतिपादीत मार्ग हा सामान्यास स्विकार झाला.



Seat
No.

**M.A. (Part – II) (Semester – III) (CGPA) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
(Optional Paper – III)**

Philosophy and Religious Ideas in Ancient India

Day and Date : Friday, 20-11-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

1. A) Select the appropriate word.

14

- 1) In _____ site excavation found 'Great dock yard' structure.
A) Harappa B) Lothal
C) Mohenjodaro D) Banavali
- 2) _____ source through we can get information about Hadppan culture.
A) Literary B) Archaeological
C) Oral D) None of these
- 3) Tripitak is a useful source for the study of
A) Hinduism B) Sikhism C) Jainism D) Buddhism
- 4) In prevedic period _____ god was related to 'Ruta Tatva'.
A) Rudra B) Indra C) Prajapati D) Varun
- 5) In rugveda _____ hymns related with god Rudra.
A) 3 to 4 B) 10 to 11 C) 8 to 10 D) 100 to 200
- 6) _____ god consider as beloved of Sun.
A) Rudra B) Kuber C) Agni D) Ushaj
- 7) Indra also called as
A) Purendra B) Ravindra C) Rudra D) None of these



- 8) An ancient time _____ drink was most popular in vedic god and goddess.
- A) Somras
B) Rajras
C) Avaniras
D) None of these
- 9) For scarification in yajna vedic people prepare _____ dish.
- A) Roti B) Rice C) Puradosh D) Salad
- 10) The four paths of Moksha were suggested by
- A) Samhita
B) Brahmanas
C) Upanishads
D) Aranyakas
- 11) Later vedic period 'Adhavryu' known in society as
- A) Priest B) King C) Labour D) Soldier
- 12) _____ god was consider the doctor of god in vedic period.
- A) Varun B) Ashwino C) Indra D) Agni
- 13) Which of the following is the main characteristic of the later vedic period ?
- A) Worship of Shiva B) Opposition to child marriage
C) Worship of the yajna D) Option A and C
- 14) In later vedic period people worshipped gods for the _____ reason.
- A) Moksha B) Peace
C) Material life D) Victory

2. Write short notes (**any four**) :

12

- 1) Mother goddess in Harappan culture
- 2) Agani as god
- 3) Priest community
- 4) Nitya yajna
- 5) Rudra as god.



3. Write a answer in short (**any four**) : **16**

- 1) Explain the 'Karmavad' in upanishad philosophy.
- 2) What is the pashu yajna ?
- 3) Describe the mother goddess figure in Harappan culture.
- 4) What is Upanishad ?
- 5) What is a main characteristic of vedic god and goddess ?

4. Write long answers (**any two**) : **14**

- 1) Trace salient feature of religious condition in Harappan civilization.
- 2) Explain the concept of Atama and Karmavad concept in upnishad philosophy.
- 3) Write a Kama yajna and Ashwamed yajna.

5. Describe the Upanishadas philosophy. **14**

OR

Write a critical note on later vedic yajna system.



SLR-A –19

Seat No.	
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M.A. – II (Semester – III) (CGPA) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
(Optional Paper – V)
Introduction to Museology

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

Instructions : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Select appropriate alternative :

14

- 1) Aristotle had made the first attempt to establish a museum in the _____ City.
A) Thibs B) Athens C) Sparta D) Alexandria
- 2) Calico textile museum was started in 1949 A.D. at _____
A) Ahmedabad B) Surat C) Pune D) Kolhapur
- 3) _____ is considered as a goddess of intelligence in Greek culture.
A) Zeus B) Apolo C) Muses D) Nike
- 4) _____ museums are useful to know changes in the nature from prehistoric period to modern period.
A) Historical B) Science C) Agriculture D) Natural
- 5) The personal museum objects belongings to Tipu Sultan are kept in _____
A) Shrirangpattanam B) Mysore
C) Hyderabad D) Chennai

P.T.O.



- 6) Museum started first in India on _____ basis.
A) Government B) Private C) Institution D) Co-operative
- 7) Museology having relative relation with _____
A) Tourism B) History
C) Archaeology D) All of these
- 8) First Excavation Site Museum was established in 1904 A.D. at _____
A) Sarnath B) Nalanda
C) Harappa D) Mohenjo-Daro
- 9) A Conference was organized by Indian Government for development of Indian Museum in _____ A.D.
A) 1947 B) 1950 C) 1960 D) 1955
- 10) _____ is a First Museum in Asia.
A) National Museum, New Delhi
B) Prince of Wales Museum, Mumbai
C) Indian Museum, Kolkata
D) Salarjung Museum, Hyderabad
- 11) Museum is the place where various antiques are displayed in a proper way; this definition is given by _____
A) UNESCO B) Ketkar S.M.
C) Bhatiaya Sanskrit Kosh D) Kher
- 12) _____ institutions organized the museums to know the people about museums as public administration.
A) Industrial Museums B) State Museums
C) Science Museums D) Corporation Museums
- 13) Vishweshwarayya Museum was established in _____ A.D.
A) 1962 B) 1952 C) 1955 D) 1945
- 14) Man and _____ is an important part of museum.
A) Choosing the objects B) Collection
C) Collection of objects D) Habit of collection



2. Write a short note (**any four** out of five) : **12**
- 1) University Museum.
 - 2) Seth Purshottam Mavaji.
 - 3) Conference of Expert.
 - 4) Museum in Ancient Period.
 - 5) State Museums.
3. Write short answers of the following (**any four** out of five) : **16**
- 1) What is the museum ? Discuss it with their various definitions.
 - 2) Explain the Private Museums before independence of India.
 - 3) Write down information about the First Museum in India.
 - 4) Give the detail information about Victoria Memorial Hall at Kolkata.
 - 5) Describe the State Museums.
4. Answer the following (**any two** out of three) : **14**
- 1) Explain the developments of museum in before independence India.
 - 2) Write down the information about temple Museums.
 - 3) Explain the necessity of Museum in Modern Age.
5. Explain the history of Museology in India. **14**

OR

Discuss the importance of Museum in humans life.



Seat No.	
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**M.A. – II (Semester – III) (CGPA) Examination, 2015
ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY
(Opt. Paper – VIII)
Research Methodology in Archaeology**

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternative : 14
- 1) The suggested explanation of research problem is called as
A) Fact
B) Theory
C) Hypothesis
D) Axiom
 - 2) Which of the following method commonly used for 'election poll' studies ?
A) Descriptive method
B) Survey method
C) Macro method
D) None of these
 - 3) _____ are the characteristics of research.
A) Objective
B) Precision
C) Design
D) All of above
 - 4) Who is known as the pioneer of positivism tradition ?
A) Max Weber
B) Karl Marx
C) August Comte
D) Herbert Spencer
 - 5) Census is mainly conducted after every
A) Every five year
B) Every ten year
C) Every year
D) None of these
 - 6) _____ are solidly based on evidence.
A) sample
B) case studies
C) theory
D) hypothesis



- 7) The set of structured questions which are filled by the interviewer face to the situations is called
- A) questionnaire
 - B) personal questionnaire
 - C) interview schedule
 - D) interview questionnaire
- 8) Social sciences research primarily deal with
- A) economic data
 - B) human behaviour
 - C) environment behaviour
 - D) none of these
- 9) _____ is the most vital element in preparing a questionnaire.
- A) Information
 - B) Purpose
 - C) Content
 - D) Concept
- 10) _____ is a systematic explanation for the observed fact and their inter-relations.
- A) Variables
 - B) Theory
 - C) Fact
 - D) Sample
- 11) Which of the following is not a sources for collection of Primary Data ?
- A) Case studies
 - B) Observation method
 - C) Archival material
 - D) None of these
- 12) Which of the following tradition argues that “social sciences needed to study social action with a purpose” ?
- A) Critical tradition
 - B) Interpretative tradition
 - C) Positivism tradition
 - D) Action tradition
- 13) Who wrote the book entitle Puratatvavidya ?
- A) S. B. Deo
 - B) Sakliya
 - C) V.S. Shinde
 - D) Davalikar
- 14) When was “Royal Asiatic Society” established ?
- A) 1876 A.D.
 - B) 1786 A.D.
 - C) 1976 A.D.
 - D) None of these



2. Write a short note (**any four**) : **12**
- 1) Positivism
 - 2) Questionnaire
 - 3) Objectives
 - 4) Primary Data
 - 5) Hypothesis.
3. Write a short answer (**any four**) : **16**
- 1) What is Archaeology ?
 - 2) What is vertical excavation ?
 - 3) What is a Exploration ?
 - 4) What is review of Literature ?
 - 5) What is case study ?
4. Write long answer (**any two**) : **14**
- 1) What is a Horizontal e-Excavation ?
 - 2) What is the Arial Photography ?
 - 3) On which basis do you select site for excavation ? Discuss.
5. Describe the methodology do you use in Karkal Excavation ? **14**
- OR
- What is Research Design ? Explain it with your dissertation topic.
-